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CHANGE COMMISSION
A, D.C. 20549

## ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

VF2-20-03

OMB APPROVAL

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### **FACING PAGE**

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the JAN - 3 2003 Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	11/01/2001	AND ENDING _	10/3DIYISION OF MARKET REGULATIO
REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEOLIVINO	MM/DD/YY		0-31-02
A. REC	GISTRANT IDENT	IFICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:		•	
RBR Securities, Inc.			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF DRINGINAL DLAGE OF DUS	DECC. (D D.	O D N- )	FIRM ID. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUS 7272 Wurzbach Road, Suite 201	INESS: (Do not use P.)	O. Box No.)	
	(No. and Street)		
San Antonio,	Texas		78240
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PE	ERSON TO CONTACT		S REPORT 210-615-5730
		(,	Area Code — Telephone No.)
B. ACC	OUNTANT IDENT	TIFICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT W	hose opinion is containe	ed in this Report*	
Lott, Vernon & Company, P.C.			
(Nam	e — if individual, state last, first,		
20 South 4th Street	Temple	Texas	76501
(Address)	(City)	(State)	Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:  Certified Public Accountant  Public Accountant			PROCESSED
☐ Accountant not resident in United	States or any of its pos	sessions.	FEB 2 5 2003
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ON	NLY	THOMSON FINANCIAL

<sup>\*</sup>Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances felled or as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

## OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Marcus C. Rodriguez	, swear (or affirm) that, to the
best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial RBR Securities, Inc.	I statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
October 31 XX, 2002 are true and	correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company
nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has a a customer, except as follows:	any proprietary interest in any account classified soley as that of
VIRGINIA V VERGARA Notary Public, State of Texas My Commission Expires 10-31-2005	Morin Rodriguez
	President
	Title
Wrigen Wargen	
Notary Public	
Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requ	ertners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital. Claims of Creditors.  nents Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. equirements Under Rule 15c3-3. of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
☐ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions	of this filing see section 240, 17a-5(e)(3).

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

October 31, 2002

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## LOTT, VERNON & COMPANY, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

20 SOUTH FOURTH STREET POST OFFICE BOX 160 TEMPLE, TEXAS 76503 254/778/4783 800/460/4783 FAX 254/778/4792

KILLEEN . COPPERAS COVE . TEMPLE

Member of American Institute & Texas Society of Certified Public Accountants

### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Board of Directors RBR Securities, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of RBR Securities, Inc., as of October 31, 2002, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of RBR Securities, Inc., as of October 31, 2002, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the schedule on page 11 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, and in conformity with the rules of the Securities Exchange Commission.

Temple, Texas December 27, 2002 Lott, Vernon a Co., P.C.

## **Statement of Financial Condition**

	October 31, 2002		
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 307		
Accounts receivable	2,171		
Deposit with clearing broker	24,858		
Deferred tax asset	3,865		
Total Current Assets	31,201		
Long-term Assets			
Investment in NASD	\$ 16,800		
Total Long-term Assets	16,800		
Total Assets	\$ 48,001		
Liabilities and Shareholder's Equity			
Liabilities			
Commissions payable	\$ 104		
Total Liabilities	\$ 104		
Shareholder's Equity			
Common stock, no par value, 100 shares authorized,			
100 shares outstanding	\$ 10,000		
Additional paid-in capital	59,800		
Retained earnings	(21,903)		
Total Shareholder's Equity	\$ 47,897		
Total Liabilities and Shareholder's Equity	\$ 48,001		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## **Statement of Income**

	 For The Year Ended October 31, 2002	
Revenues		
Commissions	\$ 241,456	
Interest	445	
Miscellaneous revenue	 13,169	
Total revenues	\$ 255,070	
Operating Expenses		
Commissions	\$ 86,748	
Professional fees	6,600	
Regulatory fees and expenses	7,296	
Clearing fees	30,356	
Administration expense	66,850	
Rent	60,000	
Office expense	3,860	
Miscellaneous	 3,930	
Total operating expenses	\$ 265,640	
Other Income and Expense		
Realized loss on sale of securities	\$ (4,602)	
Net Income/(Loss) Before Income Taxes	\$ (15,172)	
Income Tax Benefit	2,276	
Net Income/(Loss)	\$ (12,896)	

# Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

	Common Stock		Additional		D 1		
	Shares		Amount		Paid-In Capital		Retained Earnings
Balance at November 1, 2001	1,000	\$	10,000	\$	59,800	\$	(9,007)
Issuance of Common Stock	-		-		-		-
Additional Paid-In Capital	-		-		-		-
Net Income/(Loss)			_				(12,896)
Balance at October 31, 2002	1,000	\$	10,000	\$	59,800	_\$_	(21,903)

## **Statement of Cash Flows**

	For The Year Ended October 31, 2002	
		2002
Operating Activities		
Net income/(loss)	\$	(12,896)
Adjustments to reconcile income to net		, , ,
cash provided by operating activities:		
Loss on sale of securities		4,602
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		ŕ
Accounts receivable		5,801
Clearing deposit		142
Payables		(9,768)
Deferred tax asset		(2,276)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	(14,395)
Investing Activities		
Proceeds from securities sold	\$	8,398
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	\$	8,398
Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(5,997)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		6,304
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	307

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### October 31, 2002

### Note 1 - Organization and Nature of Business

The Company is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers (NASD). The Company is a Texas Corporation that is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ramos, Benavides & Rodriguez, Inc. (Parent).

## **Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies**

#### Basis of Presentation

The financial statements include only the accounts of the Company, not its Parent. The Company is engaged in a single line of business as a securities broker-dealer.

## Securities Transactions

On security trades by customers, the Company acts as the introducing broker on a fully disclosed basis. Customer accounts are maintained on the books of the carrying broker.

#### Accounting Method

The accounts are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting.

### Accounting Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

#### Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company has defined cash equivalents as highly liquid investments, with original maturities of less than ninety days, that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business. The Company did not pay any interest nor income taxes during fiscal year 2002.

#### Income Taxes

The Company is included in the consolidated federal income tax return filed by the Parent. Federal income tax is calculated as if the Company filed on a separate return basis. The amount of current and deferred taxes payable or refundable is recognized as of the date of the financial statements,

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

### October 31, 2002

utilizing currently enacted tax laws and rates. Deferred tax expenses or benefits are recognized in the financial statements for the changes in deferred tax liabilities or assets between years.

#### Note 3 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company maintains its cash balance in a bank account which was fully insured by FDIC.

#### **Note 4 - Income Taxes**

The current and deferred portions of the income tax expense (benefit) included in the statement of income as determined in accordance with FASB Statement No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*, is as follows:

	Current	Deferred	<u>Total</u>
Federal	<u>\$(2,276)</u>	<u>\$(1,589</u> )	<u>\$(3,865)</u>

For fiscal year 2002, there is no difference between the expected income tax expense/benefit computed at the U.S. statutory income tax rate and the Company's income tax expense/benefit.

The deferred tax asset on the balance sheet was created by net operating loss carryforwards, which totally expire in 2017.

#### Note 5 - Net Capital Requirements

The Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital by SEC Rule 15c3-1. Net capital required under the rule is the greater of \$5,000 or 6-2/3% of the aggregate indebtedness of the Company. On October 31, 2002, the Company had net capital of \$27,232, which was \$22,232 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .38%.

### **Note 6 - Control Requirements**

There are no amounts, as of October 31, 2002, to be reported pursuant to the possession or control requirements under Rule 15c3-3. The Company is in compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under paragraph (k)(2)(ii) and thus is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

### October 31, 2002

## Note 7 - Reconciliation Pursuant to Rule 17a-5(D)(4)

Based on our computations of net capital under Rule 15c3-1, as of October 31, 2002, there were no material differences with respondent's unaudited report.

### Note 8 – Investment in NASD

The investment in NASD is a nonmarketable equity security carried at cost, instead of applying the equity method, due to the fact that the Company owns less than 20% of the voting stock and does not have significant influence.



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## **Report on Internal Control**

To the Board of Directors of RBR Securities, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedule of RBR Securities, Inc. (the Company), for the year ended October 31, 2002, we considered its internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principals. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

## Report on Internal Control (Continued)

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at October 31, 2002, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, NASD and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Wy, Vernor a Co., P.C.

Temple, Texas December 27, 2002

# Computation of Net Capital Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1(f)

# October 31, 2002

Net Capital	
Shareholder's equity	\$ 47,897
Less nonallowable assets	 (20,665)
Net capital before haircuts on security position	\$ 27,232
Haircuts on securities	\$ 
Net capital	\$ 27,232
Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement: Aggregate Indebtedness	
Other accounts payable	\$ 104
Net capital required based on aggregate indebtedness	\$ 7
Excess Net Capital at 1500%	\$ 27,225
Excess Net Capital at 1000%	\$ 27,221
Minimum net capital required (Based on minimum dollar requirement)	\$ 5,000
Excess Net Capital	\$ 22,232
Percentage of Aggregate Indebtedness to Net Capital	\$ .38%